Griffain (GRIFFAIN) White paper

In accordance with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 (MiCA)

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01		
	Date of notification	2025-06-19
02		
	Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The operator of the trading platform of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.
03		
	Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.
04		
	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.



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05	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	false
06		
	Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council. The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
Summar	у	
07	Warning in accordance with Article 6(7), second subparagrap h of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114	Warning This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto – asset on the content of the crypto-asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The admission to trading of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council (36) or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.
08	Characteristi cs of the crypto-asset	Griffain (GRIFFAIN) is a Solana-based fungible crypto-asset token. It is transferable on the Solana network and can be freely traded or held by participants. Its value derives solely from community adoption and market demand.



09		
	Key	
	information	
	about the	
	quality and	
	quantity of	
	the goods or	
	services to	
	which the	
	utility tokens	NI/A
	give access	N/A
10		
	Key	
	information	
	about the	
	offer to the	
	public or	Kraken seeks admission to trading of the GRIFFAIN token so as to be compliant with
	admission to	MiCA and in keeping with its mission to make available for trading to its clients a
	trading	wide range of assets.
Part I – I	nformation or	n risks
Part I – I	nformation or	T
	offer-Relate d Risks	General Risk Factors Associated with Crypto-Asset Offerings: The admission to trading of crypto-assets, including GRIFFAIN, is subject to general risks inherent to the broader cryptocurrency market.
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Governance and Internal Control Risks:

With an anonymous or pseudonymous team, there is limited transparency and accountability. This could lead to potential mismanagement or misalignment with community interests. The absence of formal governance frameworks increases uncertainty, as key decisions may be made without external oversight.

Legal and Regulatory Risks:

Because the project is not operated by a registered company, there is no clear legal entity accountable for GRIFFAIN. This could pose challenges if regulatory authorities seek compliance or if disputes arise, as holders might have limited recourse. Furthermore, changes in laws or enforcement could impact the project's ability to operate if it cannot meet regulatory requirements due to its decentralized structure.

Market Volatility:

Crypto-Asse ts-related Risks

The crypto-asset market is subject to significant price volatility, which may affect the value of GRIFFAIN. Prices can fluctuate rapidly and unpredictably due to various factors, including market sentiment, economic indicators, technological developments, regulatory news, and macroeconomic trends. This high level of volatility may lead to sudden gains or losses and can impact the liquidity and tradability of the crypto-asset.

Liquidity:

Liquidity refers to the ability to buy or sell a crypto-asset without causing significant price impact. GRIFFAIN may experience periods of low liquidity, meaning that it could be difficult to enter or exit positions at desired prices or volumes. Reduced liquidity may result from limited market participation, exchange restrictions, or broader market conditions. This can lead to increased price volatility, slippage, and difficulty in executing transactions.

Cybersecurity & Technology Risks:

Risks arising from vulnerabilities in the blockchain technology used by the project or platforms. Example risks include smart contract exploits, compromise of platforms, forking scenarios, compromise of cryptographic algorithms.

Adoption Risks:

The risk associated with the project not achieving its goals leading to lower than expected adoption and use within the ecosystem, the impact leading to a reduced utility and value proposition.

Custody & Ownership Risk:

The risk related to the inadequate safekeeping and control of crypto-assets e.g. loss of private keys, custodian insolvency leading to a loss."

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1.3



The implementation of the Griffain project may face challenges that could adversely 1.4 affect its success. Project **Implementat Operational Challenges:** ion-Related As a community-driven initiative without formal management, coordinating Risks development, marketing, and community engagement can be difficult. The lack of a structured management process might result in inefficiencies or inconsistent progress. **Team Continuity Risk:** The project's progress depends on its contributors. If key community leaders leave the project or lose interest, there may be setbacks or discontinuation of certain project aspects. 1.5 Smart contract risks: GRIFFAIN uses smart contracts to facilitate automated transactions and processes. Technology-While these contracts enhance efficiency and decentralization, they also introduce Related specific technical risks. Vulnerabilities such as coding errors, design flaws, or Risks security loopholes within the smart contract code may be exploited by malicious actors. Such exploits could result in the loss of assets, unauthorized access to sensitive information, or unintended and irreversible execution of transactions. **Blockchain Network Risks:** GRIFFAIN operates on a public blockchain infrastructure, which is maintained by a decentralized network of participants. The functionality and reliability of the crypto-asset are dependent on the performance and security of the underlying blockchain. Risks may include network congestion, high transaction fees, delayed processing times, or, in extreme cases, outages and disruptions. Additionally, vulnerabilities or failures in the consensus mechanism, attacks on the network (e.g., 51% attacks), or protocol-level bugs could impact the operation and availability of GRIFFAIN. Risk of Cryptographic Vulnerabilities: Technological advancements, such as quantum computing, could pose potential risks to cryptocurrencies. Privacy: Transactions involving GRIFFAIN are recorded on a public blockchain, where transaction data is transparent and permanently accessible. While public addresses do not directly reveal personal identities, transaction histories can be analyzed and, in some cases, linked to individuals through data aggregation or external information sources. This transparency may pose privacy concerns for users seeking confidentiality in their financial activity. Participants should be aware that transaction data on public blockchains is not inherently private and could be subject to scrutiny by third parties, including regulators, analytics firms, or malicious actors.



1.6	Mitigation measures	Use of Established Standards: GRIFFAIN is implemented using a well-tested token standard, SPL on Solana, which has been widely used and vetted. By adhering to a standard protocol and not using unproven custom code where unnecessary, the project reduces the likelihood of unknown bugs.
Part A	- Information at	oout the offeror or the person seeking admission to trading
A.1	Name	N/A
A.2	Legal form	N/A
A.3	Registered address	N/A
A.4	Head office	N/A
A.5	Registration Date	N/A
A.6	Legal entity identifier	N/A
A.7	Another identifier required pursuant to	
	applicable national law	N/A
A.8	Contact telephone number	N/A



A.9		
	E-mail	
	address	N/A
A.10		
	Response	
	Time (Days)	N1/A
		IN/A
A.11		
	Parent	
	Company	N/A
	-	
A.12		
	Members of	
	the	
	Managemen	
	t body	N/A
A.13		
	Business	
	Activity	N/A
A.14		
	Parent	
	Company	
	Business	
	Activity	N/A
A.15		
	Newly	
	Established	N/A
A 16		
A.16		
	Financial	
	condition for	
	the past	
	three	
	years	NI/A
	-	N/A



A.17		
	Financial	
	condition	
	since	
	registration	N/A
	'	
Part B - trading		out the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to
B.1		
	Issuer	
	different	
	from offeror	
	or person	
	seeking	
	admission to	
	trading	true
B.2		
	Name	Not available
B.3		
	Legal form	Not available
B.4		
	Registered	
	addross	Not available
B.5		
	Head office	L
		Not available
B.6		
	Registration	
	Date	Not available
B.7		
	Legal entity	
	idoptifior	Niet eveilele
		Not available



B.8		
	Another	
	identifier	
	required	
	pursuant to	
	applicable national law	
	national law	Not available
B.9		
	Parent	
	Company	Not available
B.10		
D. 10	Members of	
	the	
	Managemen	
	t body	
		Not available
B.11		
	Business	
	Activity	Not available
B.12		
	Parent	
	Company	
	Business	
	Activity	Not available
		but the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the
		er and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper , second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114
<u>-</u>		, second subparagraph, or negalation (EG) 2020/1114
C.1		
	Name	Payward Global Solutions LTD
C.2		. aynara elesar eeraren 212
0.2	l a gal farm	
	Legal form	N/A
C.3		
	Registered	
	address	N/A
		TWA Y



C.4				
	Head office	N/A		
C.5	Registration Date	11-07-2023		
C.6	Legal entity identifier of the operator of the trading platform	9845003D98SCC2851458		
C.7	Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law	N/A		
C.8	Parent Company	N/A		
C.9	Reason for Crypto-Asse t White Paper Preparation	Kraken seeks admission to t MiCA and in keeping with its wide range of assets.	-	en so as to be compliant with or trading to its clients a
C.10	Members of		I ₂	<u> </u>
	the Managemen t body	Full Name Shannon Kurtas	70 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland	Function Board Member
		Andrew Mulvenny	70 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland	Board Member
		Shane O'Brien	70 Sir John Rogerson's	Board Member



			Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland	
			Quay, Dubiin 2, irciand	
		Laura Walsh	70 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland	Board Member
		Michael Walsh	70 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland	Board Member
C.11				
	Operator Business Activity	PGSL is the operator of a Ti Article 3(1)(18) of Regulatio	rading Platform for Crypto As n (EU) 2023/1114 (MiCA).	sets, in accordance with
C.12	Parent Company Business Activity	Payward, Inc., a Delaware, USA corporation, is the parent company of a worldwide group of subsidiaries (the following paragraphs use the term "Payward" or "Payward Group" to refer to the group) collectively doing business as "Kraken." Payward's primary business is the operation of an online virtual asset platform that enables clients to buy and sell virtual assets on a spot basis, including the transfer of crypto-assets to and from external wallets. Payward, through its various affiliates, offers a number of other services and products, including: * A trading platform for futures contracts on virtual assets ("Kraken Derivatives"); * A platform for buying and selling NFTs;		
		* Extensions of margin to su * A benchmark administrato * Staking services.	pport spot trading of virtual ar; and	issets;



	1	
C.13		
	Other	
	persons	
	drawing up	
	the	
	crypto-asset	
	white paper	
	according to	
	Article 6(1),	
	second	
	subparagrap	
	h, of	
	Regulation	
	(EU)	
	0000/4444	N/A
C.14		
	Reason for	
	drawing the	
	white paper	
	by persons	
	referred to	
	in Article	
	6(1), second	
	subparagrap	
	h, of	
	Regulation	
	(EU)	
	2022/444	N/A
Part D- In	formation abo	out the crypto-asset project
	1	T
D.1		
	Crypto-asse	
	t project	
	name	Griffain
		O'IIIGIII
D.2		
	Crypto-asse	
	ts name	Griffain
	<u> </u>	



D.3		
	Abbreviation	GRIFFAIN
D.4	Crypto-asse t project description	Griffain is an Al-agent platform built on Solana that lets users launch autonomous agents to execute on-chain tasks. The GRIFFAIN token itself is purely a meme coin: it carries no functional utility, governance power, or entitlement to products or fees. Its sole purpose is to serve as a community symbol and speculative asset that promotes and supports visibility of the Griffain Al project.
D.5		
	Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementat ion of the crypto-asset project	Efren Plasencia is the co-founder of Griffain.
D.6		
	Utility Token Classificatio n	false
D.7		
	Key Features of Goods/Servi ces for	
	Utility Token Projects	N/A
D.8	Plans for the token	Please refer to project team website for any further information regarding future milestone
D.9	Resource Allocation	The Griffain project has not publicly detailed any specific financial resources allocated to the project. There was no traditional fundraising round (such as an ICO/ITO) for GRIFFAIN, and no treasury or budget disclosures have been made. Any development or marketing efforts so far appear to be volunteer-driven or informally supported by community donations. As a result, there is no verified



D.10 Planned Use of Collected Funds or Crypto-Asse ts N/A Part E - Information about the offer to the public of crypto-assets or their admission to trading E.1 Public Offering or Admission to trading Reasons for Public Offer or Admission to trading Fundraising Target Making secondary trading available to the consumers on the Kraken Trading platform in compliance with the MiCA regulatory framework E.3 Fundraising Target N/A E.4 Minimum Subscription Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Subscription Goals			information on funds earmarked for project development, liquidity, or other purposes.
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E.4 Minimum Subscription Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Coal		_	
Minimum Subscription Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Coal		Targot	N/A
Subscription Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Coal	E.4		
Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Coal		Minimum	
Goals N/A E.5 Maximum Subscription Coal		Subscription	
E.5 Maximum Subscription			
Maximum Subscription			IN/A
Subscription	E.5		
Cool			
Goal N/A			
		Goal	N/A



E.6	Oversubscri ption	
	Acceptance	N/A
E.7		
	Oversubscri ption Allocation	N/A
E.8	In according	
	Issue Price	N/A
E.9	Official currency or other crypto-asset s determining the issue price	
	price	N/A
E.10	Subscription fee	N/A
E.11	Offer Price Determinati on Method	N/A
E.12	Total Number of Offered/Trad ed crypto-asset s	
E.13	Targeted Holders	ALL



	1	<u></u>
E.14		
	Holder	
	restrictions	N/A
E.15		
	Reimburse	
	ment Notice	N/A
E.16		
L. 10	Defined	
	Refund Mechanism	
	liviechanism	N/A
E.17		
	Refund	
	Timeline	A L/A
		N/A
E.18		
	Offer	
	Phases	N/A
F 40		
E.19		
	Early	
	Purchase	
	Discount	N/A
E.20		
	time-limited	
	offer	l
		N/A
E.21		
	Subscription	
	period	
		N/A
F 22		
E.22		
	Subscription	
	period end	N/A



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E.23		
	Safeguardin	
	g ^	
	Arrangemen	
	ts for	
	Offered	
	Funds/crypt	
		NI/A
		N/A
E.24		
	Payment	
	Methods for	
	crypto-asset	
	Purchase	N/A
E.25		
	l., .	
	Value	
	Transfer	
	Methods for	
	Reimburse	
	ment	l
	mone	N/A
E.26		
	Right of	
	\ \ \ / : 4 lo al may a l	
	Withdrawal	N/A
E.27		
	Tues of a set	
	Transfer of	
	Purchased	
	crypto-asset	
	s	N/A
F 20		
E.28		
	Transfer	
	Time	
	Schedule	,,,,
		N/A
E.29		
	Purchaser's	
	Technical	
	Requiremen	
	ts	N/A
<u></u>		



E.30		
2.00	crypto-asset service provider (CASP)	
	name	N/A
E.31	CASP identifier	N/A
E.32		
	Placement form	NTAV
E.33		
	Trading Platforms name	N/A
E.34		
	Trading Platforms Market Identifier Code (MIC)	N/A
E.35		
	Trading Platforms Access	N/A
E.36		
	Involved costs	N/A
E.37	Offer Expenses	N/A
E.38	Conflicts of Interest	All listings decisions made by Payward Global Solution Ltd are made independently by staff of the entity in line with internal policies. PGSL publishes a conflicts of interest disclosure on its website advising of potential conflicts that may arise.



	Competent	Any disputes or claims arising out of this white paper will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Irish courts.
Part F -	Information ab	out the crypto-assets
F.1	Crypto-Asse t Type	GRIFFAIN is classified as a crypto-asset other than an asset referenced token or e-money token under MiCA, (EU) 2023/1114.
F.2	Crypto-Asse t Functionality	GRIFFAIN is a standard SPL token on the Solana blockchain, which means its core functionality is to serve as a transferable and tradable digital asset. Holders of GRIFFAIN can send and receive the token using Solana-compatible wallets, and use GRIFFAIN in transactions or smart contracts that accept SPL tokens. Currently, its primary function is as a community and meme token for trading and holding.
F.3	Planned Application of Functionaliti es	There are currently no known additional token functionalities pending activation or launch for GRIFFAIN.
of the c	crypto-asset whi	aracteristics of the crypto-asset, including the data necessary for classification ite paper in the register referred to in Article 109 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114, ance with paragraph 8 of that Article
F.4	Type of white paper	OTHR
F.5	The type of submission	NEWT



	1	
F.6		
	Crypto-Asse	
	t	
	Characteristi	
	CS	GRIFFAIN is a fungible digital token with a fixed total supply of 999 881 120.
F.7		
	Commercial	
	name or	
	trading	
	name	No dedicated commercial entity exists for the project.
F.8		
	Website of	
	the issuer	https://griffain.com/
F.9		
	Starting	
	date of offer	
	to the public	
	or	
	admission to	
	trading	2024-11-02
F.10		
	Publication	
	date	2025-07-17
F.11		
	Any other	
	services	
	provided by	
	the issuer	N/A
F.12		
	Identifier of	
	operator of	
	the trading	
	platform	PGSL
	L	



F.13		
	Language or languages of the white paper	English
F.14	Digital	
	Token Identifier	QXN32WLR2
F.15	Functionally Fungible Group Digital Token Identifier	N/A
F.16		
	Voluntary data flag	Mandatory
F.17	Personal data flag	true
F.18	LEI eligibility	N/A
F.19	Home Member State	Ireland
F.20	Host Member States	Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway

Part G - Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets



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G.1	Purchaser Rights and Obligations	Transferability and Trading: Holders have the ability to transfer their GRIFFAIN tokens to others (on-chain) or to trade them on available markets at will. Obligations of Holders:
		There are no mandatory obligations imposed on GRIFFAIN purchasers.
G.2	Exercise of Rights and obligations	The primary right associated with GRIFFAIN – the ability to transfer or trade the token – is exercised through standard blockchain transactions.
G.3		
	Conditions for modification s of rights and obligations	The rights and obligations attached to GRIFFAIN as described in this white paper reflect information available at the time of issuance. This white paper is issued by Kraken and does not constitute a commitment or guarantee by Griffain or any other party regarding future modifications. No promises, warranties, or assurances are made herein regarding future token functionality, and this section is provided solely for informational purposes.
G.4		
	Future Public Offers	The Griffain project has not planned any future public offerings of the GRIFFAIN token.
G.5		
	Issuer Retained Crypto-Asse ts	Not available
G.6		
	Utility Token Classificatio n	false
G.7		
	Key Features of Goods/Servi ces of Utility Tokens	N/A



G.8		
G.8	1 14:1:4.7	
	Utility Tokens	
	Redemption	AL/A
	· ·	IN/A
G.9		
	Non-Trading	
	request	This white paper reflects a request to admit the token to trading.
G.10		
	Crypto-Asse	
	ts purchase	
	or sale	
	modalities	N/A
G.11		
	Crypto-Asse	
	ts Transfer	Kraken may, in accordance with applicable laws and internal policies and terms,
	Restrictions	impose restrictions on buyers and sellers of these tokens.
G.12		
	Supply	
	Adjustment	
	Protocols	false
G.13		
	Supply	
	Adjustment	
	Mechanisms	N/A
G.14		
	Token Value	
	Protection	
	Schemes	false
G.15		
	Token Value	
	Protection	
	Schemes	
	Dagarintian	N/A
	<u> </u>	1777



G.16		
G. 10	Componenti	
	Compensati on Schemes	
		false
G.17		
	Compensati	
	on Schemes	
	Description	N/A
G.18	Applicable law	Any dispute relating to this white paper shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of Ireland without regard to conflict of law rules or principles (whether of Ireland or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction, irrespective of whether GRIFFAIN tokens qualify as right or property under the applicable law.
G.19		
	Competent	
	court	Any disputes or claims arising out of this white paper will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Irish courts.
H.1		n the underlying technology
H.1	D: 4 !! 4 !	GRIFFAIN is implemented on the Solana network. Solana is a public blockchain that
	Distributed ledger technology	uses a combination of Proof-of-Stake (PoS) and Proof-of-History (PoH) for consensus. This technology ensures that GRIFFAIN transactions can be recorded, validated, and secured in a decentralized manner.
H.2		The GRIFFAIN token is based on the Solana network, which utilizes decentralized
	Protocols and technical standards	Distributed-Ledger Technology. This protocol provides the foundation for secure transactions and smart contracts. SPL Token Standard: The SPL standard is a technical protocol for issuing and managing tokens, ensuring that the GRIFFAIN token is compatible with most wallets, exchanges, and decentralized applications (DApps).
H.3		
	Technology Used	The GRIFFAIN token uses the existing SPL token standard on Solana.
H.4		
	Consensus Mechanism	Solana uses Proof-of-Stake with Tower BFT and Proof-of-History, where leaders are pre-selected by stake and transactions, including GRIFFAIN transfers, receive sub-second confirmation and high throughput.



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nisms
GRIFFAIN relies on the existing incentive mechanisms and fee structures of the
Solana blockchain.
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asset
Solana uses a unique combination of Proof of History (PoH) and Proof of Stake
nism (PoS) to achieve high throughput, low latency, and robust security.
Core Concepts:
1. Proof of History (PoH):
Time-Stamped Transactions: PoH is a cryptographic technique that
timestamps transactions, creating a historical record that proves that an
event has occurred at a specific moment in time.



 Verifiable Delay Function: PoH uses a Verifiable Delay Function (VDF) to generate a unique hash that includes the transaction and the time it was processed. This sequence of hashes provides a verifiable order of events, enabling the network to efficiently agree on the sequence of transactions.

2. Proof of Stake (PoS):

- Validator Selection: Validators are chosen to produce new blocks based on the number of SOL tokens they have staked. The more tokens staked, the higher the chance of being selected to validate transactions and produce new blocks.
- Delegation: Token holders can delegate their SOL tokens to validators, earning rewards proportional to their stake while enhancing the network's security.

Consensus Process:

1. Transaction Validation:

Transactions are broadcast to the network and collected by validators. Each transaction is validated to ensure it meets the network's criteria, such as having correct signatures and sufficient funds.

2. PoH Sequence Generation:

A validator generates a sequence of hashes using PoH, each containing a timestamp and the previous hash. This process creates a historical record of transactions, establishing a cryptographic clock for the network.

3. Block Production:

The network uses PoS to select a leader validator based on their stake. The leader is responsible for bundling the validated transactions into a block. The leader validator uses the PoH sequence to order transactions within the block, ensuring that all transactions are processed in the correct order.

4. Consensus and Finalization:

Other validators verify the block produced by the leader validator. They check the correctness of the PoH sequence and validate the transactions within the block. Once the block is verified, it is added to the blockchain. Validators sign off on the block, and it is considered finalized.

Security and Economic Incentives:

1. Incentives for Validators:

- Block Rewards: Validators earn rewards for producing and validating blocks. These rewards are distributed in SOL tokens and are proportional to the validator's stake and performance.
- Transaction Fees: Validators also earn transaction fees from the transactions included in the blocks they produce. These fees provide an additional incentive for validators to process transactions efficiently.

2. Security:



	_	
		 Staking: Validators must stake SOL tokens to participate in the consensus process. This staking acts as collateral, incentivizing validators to act honestly. If a validator behaves maliciously or fails to perform, they risk losing their staked tokens. Delegated Staking: Token holders can delegate their SOL tokens to validators, enhancing network security and decentralization. Delegators share in the rewards and are incentivized to choose reliable validators. Economic Penalties: Slashing: Validators can be penalized for malicious behavior, such as double-signing or producing invalid blocks. This penalty, known as slashing, results in the loss of a portion of the staked tokens, discouraging dishonest actions.
S.5	Incentive	Solana uses a combination of Proof of History (PoH) and Proof of Stake (PoS) to
0.0	Mechanisms	secure its network and validate transactions.
	and	
	Applicable	Incentive Mechanisms:
	Fees	
		1. Validators:
		 Staking Rewards: Validators are chosen based on the number of SOL tokens they have staked. They earn rewards for producing and validating blocks, which are distributed in SOL. The more tokens staked, the higher the
		chances of being selected to validate transactions and produce new blocks. - Transaction Fees: Validators earn a portion of the transaction fees paid by
		users for the transactions they include in the blocks. This provides an additional financial incentive for validators to process transactions efficiently and maintain the network's integrity.
		2. Delegators:
		 Delegated Staking: Token holders who do not wish to run a validator node can delegate their SOL tokens to a validator. In return, delegators share in the rewards earned by the validators. This encourages widespread participation in securing the network and ensures decentralization.
		3. Economic Security:
		 Slashing: Validators can be penalized for malicious behavior, such as producing invalid blocks or being frequently offline. This penalty, known as slashing, involves the loss of a portion of their staked tokens. Slashing deters dishonest actions and ensures that validators act in the best interest of the network.
		 Opportunity Cost: By staking SOL tokens, validators and delegators lock up their tokens, which could otherwise be used or sold. This opportunity cost incentivizes participants to act honestly to earn rewards and avoid penalties. Fees Applicable on the Solana Blockchain
		Transaction Fees:
		1. Low and Predictable Fees:
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		Solana is designed to handle a high throughput of transactions, which helps keep fees low and predictable. The average transaction fee on Solana is significantly lower compared to other blockchains like Ethereum. 2. Fee Structure: Fees are paid in SOL and are used to compensate validators for the resources they expend to process transactions. This includes computational power and network bandwidth. 3. Rent Fees: State Storage: Solana charges rent fees for storing data on the blockchain. These fees are designed to discourage inefficient use of state storage and encourage developers to clean up unused state. Rent fees help maintain the efficiency and performance of the network. 4. Smart Contract Fees: Execution Costs: Similar to transaction fees, fees for deploying and interacting with smart contracts on Solana are based on the computational resources required. This ensures that users are charged proportionally for the resources they consume.
S.6	Beginning of the period to which the disclosure relates	2024-05-28
S.7	End of the period to which the disclosure relates	2025-05-28
S.8	Energy consumptio n	1036.06610 kWh/a
S.9	Energy consumptio n sources and methodologi es	The energy consumption of this asset is aggregated across multiple components: To determine the energy consumption of a token, the energy consumption of the network(s) solana is calculated first. For the energy consumption of the token, a fraction of the energy consumption of the network is attributed to the token, which is determined based on the activity of the crypto-asset within the network. When calculating the energy consumption, the Functionally Fungible Group Digital Token Identifier (FFG DTI) is used - if available - to determine all implementations of the asset in scope. The mappings are updated regularly, based on data of the Digital Token Identifier Foundation. The information regarding the hardware used and the number of participants in the network is based on assumptions that are verified with best effort using empirical data. In general, participants are assumed to be largely



	economically rational. As a precautionary principle, we make assumptions on the
	conservative side when in doubt, i.e. making higher estimates for the adverse
i	impacts.